

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Determine whether the given function is even, odd, or neither.

1)  $f(x) = 4x^2 + 1$

1) \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $f(x) = 5x^2 - 2$

2) \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $f(x) = 3x^5 - 5x^3$

3) \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $f(x) = 7x^5 - 9x^3$

4) \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $f(x) = 5x^4 + 6x + 5$

5) \_\_\_\_\_

6)  $f(x) = 4x^4 + 4x - 6$

6) \_\_\_\_\_

7)  $f(x) = 7$

7) \_\_\_\_\_

8)  $f(x) = -3$

8) \_\_\_\_\_

$$9) f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

9) \_\_\_\_\_

$$10) f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 3}$$

10) \_\_\_\_\_

$$11) f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 4}$$

11) \_\_\_\_\_

$$12) f(x) = \frac{-x^3}{4x^2 - 7}$$

12) \_\_\_\_\_

$$13) f(x) = \frac{-x^3}{7x^2 + 2}$$

13) \_\_\_\_\_

14)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f(x)	-25.9	-19	-5.35	5	-5.35	-19	-25.9

14) \_\_\_\_\_

15)

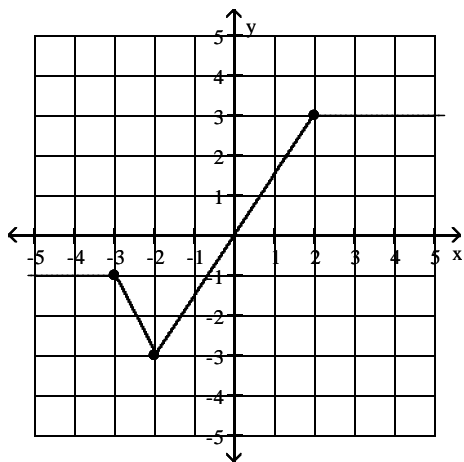
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f(x)	-23.6	-13	-8.04	5	-8.04	-13	-23.6

15) \_\_\_\_\_

Use the graph of the function to find the following: a. the domain and range of the function; b. the intercepts, if any; c. the intervals on which the function is increasing, decreasing, or is constant; d. whether the function is even, odd, or neither.

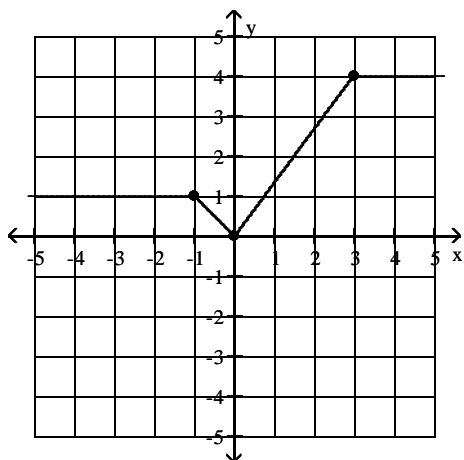
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16) \_\_\_\_\_

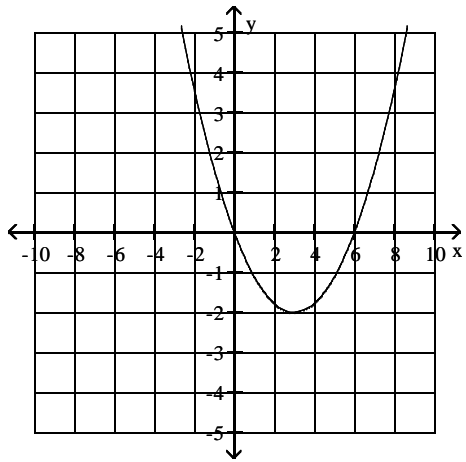


17)

17) \_\_\_\_\_

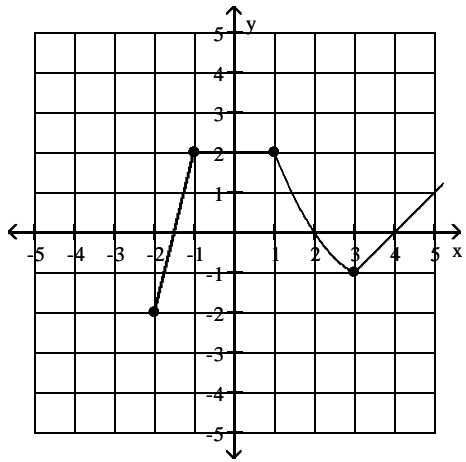


18)



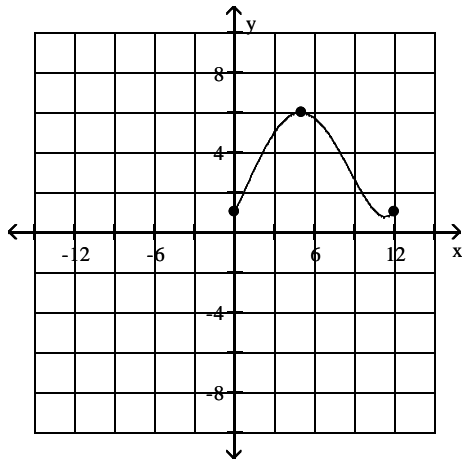
18) \_\_\_\_\_

19)



19) \_\_\_\_\_

20)



20) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the requested value.**

21) Find  $f(10)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 14, & \text{if } x < 7 \\ -14, & \text{if } x > 7 \end{cases}$$

21) \_\_\_\_\_

22) Find  $f(8)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 11, & \text{if } x < 2 \\ -11, & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

22) \_\_\_\_\_

23) Find  $f(1)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 18, & \text{if } x < 0 \\ -18, & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

23) \_\_\_\_\_

24) Find  $f(-8)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 6x, & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x - 4, & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

24) \_\_\_\_\_

25) Find  $f(-1)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x, & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x - 7, & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

25) \_\_\_\_\_

26) Find  $f(-4)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x, & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x - 2, & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

26) \_\_\_\_\_

27) Find  $f(0)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 5, & \text{if } x < 6 \\ 8 - x, & \text{if } x \geq 6 \end{cases}$$

27) \_\_\_\_\_

28) Find  $f(0)$  for

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 8, & \text{if } x < 4 \\ 5 - x, & \text{if } x \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

28) \_\_\_\_\_

29) Find  $f(0)$  for

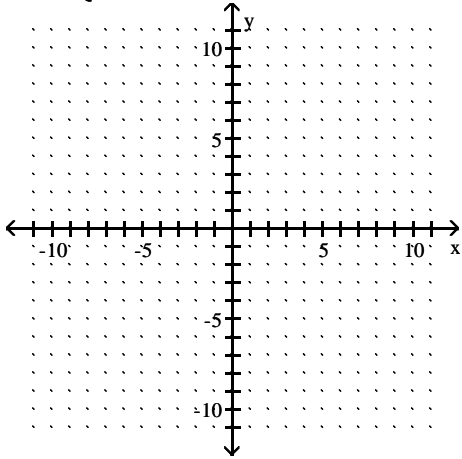
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 7, & \text{if } x < 5 \\ 9 - x, & \text{if } x \geq 5 \end{cases}$$

29) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the function.

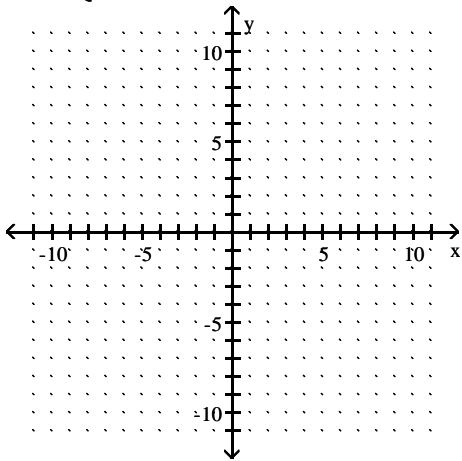
$$30) f(x) = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{if } x > 5 \\ -3 & \text{if } x \leq 5 \end{cases}$$

30) \_\_\_\_\_



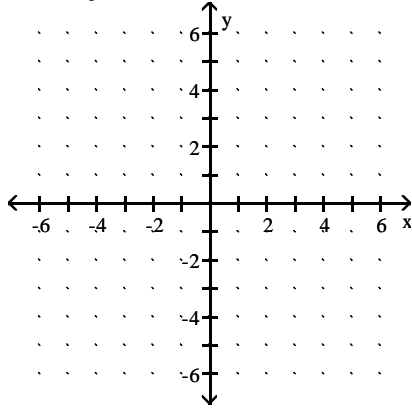
$$31) f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 & \text{if } x > 4 \\ -5 & \text{if } x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

31) \_\_\_\_\_



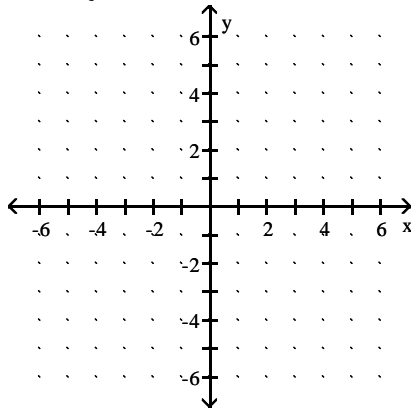
$$32) f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 3 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ -1 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

32) \_\_\_\_\_



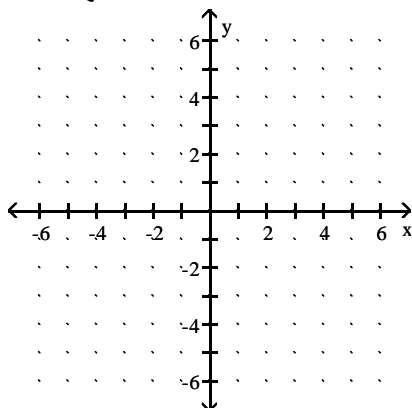
$$33) f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 5 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 2 & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

33) \_\_\_\_\_



$$34) f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ -5 - x & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

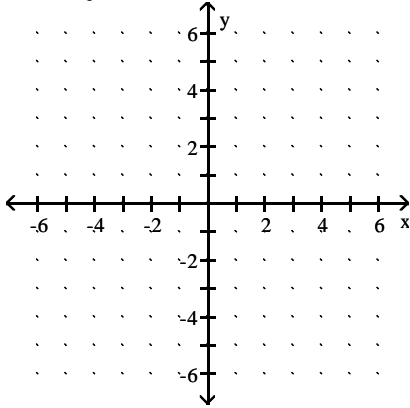
34) \_\_\_\_\_





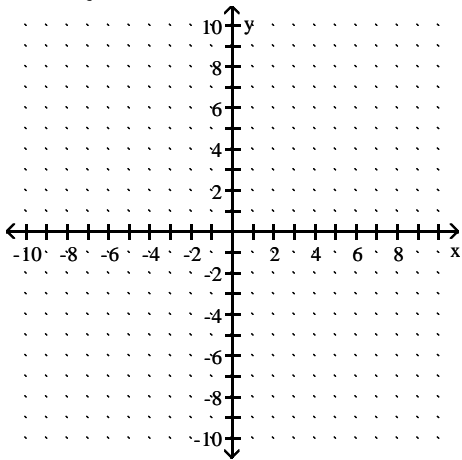
$$35) f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \geq 1 \\ -3 - x & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

35) \_\_\_\_\_



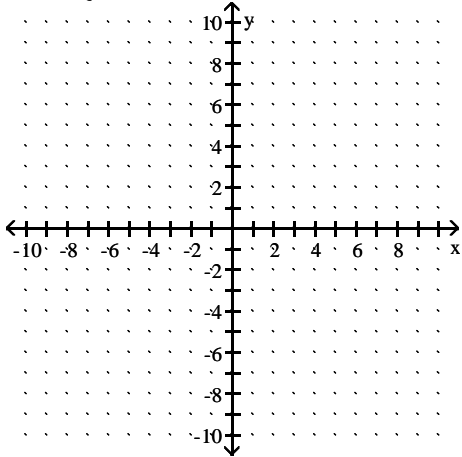
$$36) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

36) \_\_\_\_\_



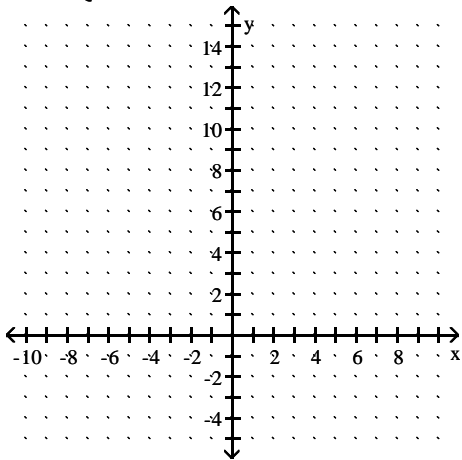
$$37) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

37) \_\_\_\_\_



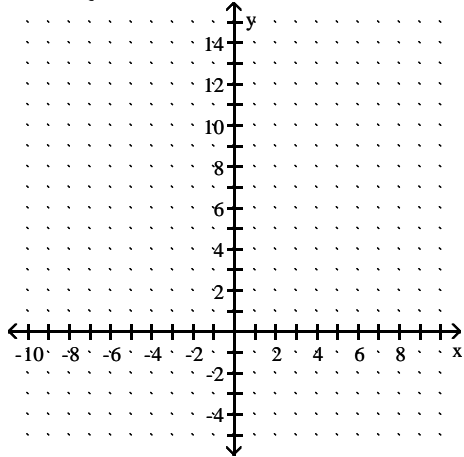
$$38) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq -3 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > -3 \end{cases}$$

38) \_\_\_\_\_



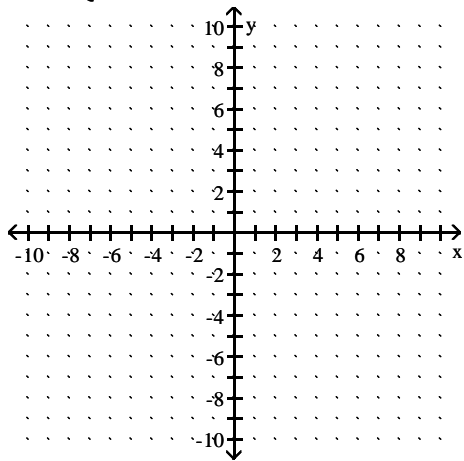
$$39) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

39) \_\_\_\_\_



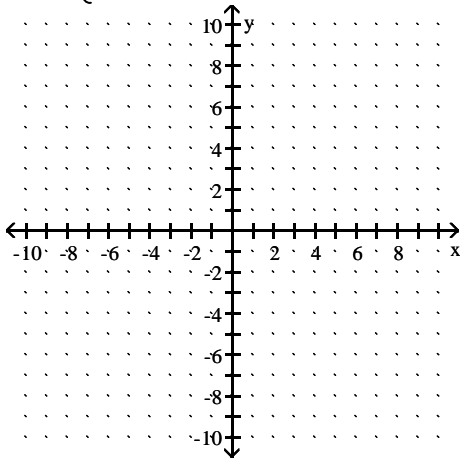
$$40) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 & \text{if } x \leq 1 \\ \sqrt[3]{x} & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

40) \_\_\_\_\_



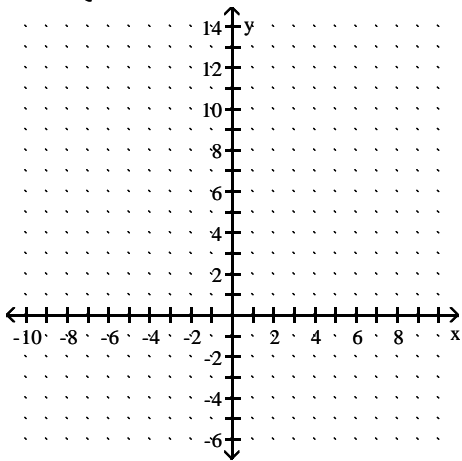
$$41) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3 & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ \sqrt[3]{x} & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$$

41) \_\_\_\_\_



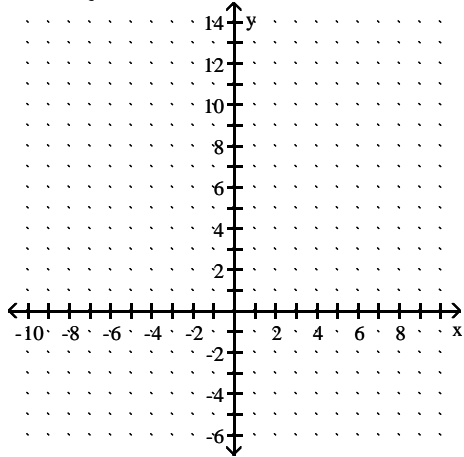
$$42) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } -1 < x \leq 2 \\ x & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

42) \_\_\_\_\_



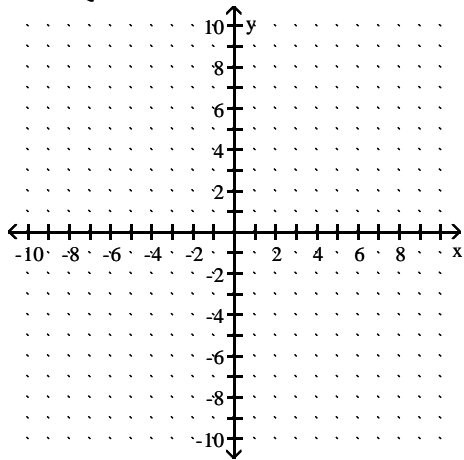
$$43) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } -2 < x \leq 2 \\ x & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

43) \_\_\_\_\_



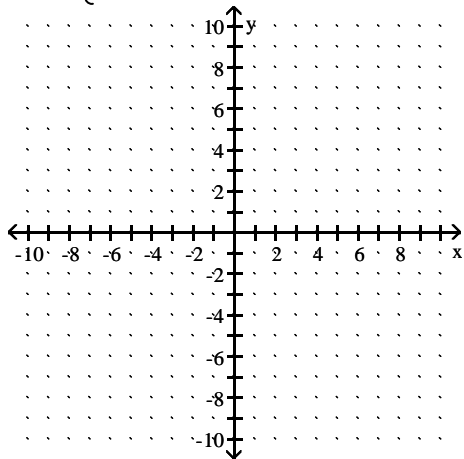
$$44) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

44) \_\_\_\_\_



$$45) f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

45) \_\_\_\_\_



**Find the average rate of change of the function as x changes from a to b.**

46)  $f(x) = -3x + 7$ ;  $a = -2$ ,  $b = 3$

46) \_\_\_\_\_

47)  $g(x) = 2x - 6$ ;  $a = -3$ ,  $b = 2$

47) \_\_\_\_\_

48)  $h(x) = 3x^2$ ;  $a = 3$ ,  $b = 8$

48) \_\_\_\_\_

49)  $f(x) = x^2 - 5$ ;  $a = 1$ ,  $b = 3$

49) \_\_\_\_\_

50)  $g(x) = 2 - x^2$ ;  $a = -1$ ,  $b = 8$

50) \_\_\_\_\_

51)  $h(x) = (8 - x)^2$ ;  $a = 3$ ,  $b = 4$

51) \_\_\_\_\_

52)  $g(x) = (x - 4)^2$ ;  $a = 4$ ,  $b = 7$

52) \_\_\_\_\_

53)  $f(x) = -x^3$ ;  $a = 1$ ,  $b = 2$

53) \_\_\_\_\_

54)  $h(x) = \frac{3}{x}$ ;  $a = -5$ ,  $b = 2$

54) \_\_\_\_\_

55)  $g(x) = \frac{3}{x + 2}$ ;  $a = 2$ ,  $b = 7$

55) \_\_\_\_\_

Compute  $\frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$  ( $h \neq 0$ ) for the given function.

56)  $f(x) = 3x - 10$

56) \_\_\_\_\_

57)  $f(x) = 6x - 5$

57) \_\_\_\_\_

58)  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x$

58) \_\_\_\_\_

59)  $f(x) = 7x^2 + 4x$

59) \_\_\_\_\_

60)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{8x}$

60) \_\_\_\_\_

61)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x}$

61) \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the problem.**

62) If an object is dropped off of a tower, the velocity,  $V$ , of the object after  $t$  seconds can be obtained by multiplying  $t$  by 32 and adding 10 to the result. Express  $V$  as a linear function of  $t$ .

62) \_\_\_\_\_

63) If an object is dropped from a tower, then the velocity,  $V$  (in feet per second), of the object after  $t$  seconds can be obtained by multiplying  $t$  by 32 and adding 10 to the result. Find  $V$  as a linear function of  $t$ , and use this function to evaluate  $V(1.8)$ , the velocity of the object at time  $t = 1.8$  seconds.

63) \_\_\_\_\_

64) Assume that the sales of a certain appliance dealer are approximated by a linear function. Suppose that sales were \$15,000 in 1982 and \$61,500 in 1987. Let  $x = 0$  represent 1982. Find the equation giving yearly sales  $S(x)$ .

64) \_\_\_\_\_

65) The charges for renting a moving van are \$50 for the first 30 miles and \$8 for each additional mile. Assume that a fraction of a mile is rounded up. Find a symbolic representation for a function  $f$  that computes the cost of driving the van  $x$  miles, where  $0 < x \leq 100$ . (Hint: express  $f$  as a piecewise-constant function.) Then, determine the cost of driving the van 91 miles.

65) \_\_\_\_\_

66) Sketch a graph showing the mileage that a person is from home after  $x$  hours if that individual drives at 32.5 mph to a lake 65 miles away, stays at the lake 1.5 hours, and then returns home at a speed of 65 mph.

66) \_\_\_\_\_



67) The table lists the average composite scores on a national entrance exam for selected years. 67) \_\_\_\_\_

Year	1980	1982	1984	1986	1988	1990	1992
Score	122.7	131.5	131.5	129.5	133.9	132.0	130.0

Make a line graph of the data. If the graph represents a piecewise-linear function  $f$ , find a symbolic representation for the piece of  $f$  located on the interval  $[1982, 1984]$ .

68) The table lists the average composite scores on a national entrance exam for selected years. 68) \_\_\_\_\_

Year	1982	1984	1986	1988	1990	1992	1994
Score	122.7	131.5	131.5	129.5	133.9	132.0	130.0

Evaluate  $f(1989)$ .

69) In Country X, the average hourly wage in dollars from 1945 to 1995 can be modeled by 69) \_\_\_\_\_

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0.071(x - 1945) + 0.35 & \text{if } 1945 \leq x < 1970 \\ 0.188(x - 1970) + 3.03 & \text{if } 1970 \leq x \leq 1995 \end{cases}$$

Use  $f$  to estimate the average hourly wages in 1950, 1970, and 1990.

**Describe the transformations that produce the graph of  $g$  from the graph of  $f$ .**

70)  $f(x) = |x|$ ;  $g(x) = -9|x|$  70) \_\_\_\_\_

71)  $f(x) = |x|$ ;  $g(x) = -5|x|$  71) \_\_\_\_\_

72)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ;  $g(x) = -\sqrt{x+10}$  72) \_\_\_\_\_

73)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ ;  $g(x) = -\sqrt{x+9}$  73) \_\_\_\_\_

$$74) f(x) = x^2 ; g(x) = (x - 1)^2 - 8$$

74) \_\_\_\_\_

$$75) f(x) = x^2 ; g(x) = (x - 7)^2 - 3$$

75) \_\_\_\_\_

$$76) f(x) = x^3 ; g(x) = -2x^3 + 1$$

76) \_\_\_\_\_

$$77) f(x) = x^3 ; g(x) = -5x^3 + 7$$

77) \_\_\_\_\_

$$78) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} ; g(x) = \frac{6}{x} + 11$$

78) \_\_\_\_\_

$$79) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} ; g(x) = \frac{9}{x} + 3$$

79) \_\_\_\_\_

$$80) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} ; g(x) = \frac{1}{x+5} - 6$$

80) \_\_\_\_\_

$$81) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} ; g(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} - 4$$

81) \_\_\_\_\_

$$82) f(x) = x^2 ; g(x) = -(x - 11)^2 + 11$$

82) \_\_\_\_\_

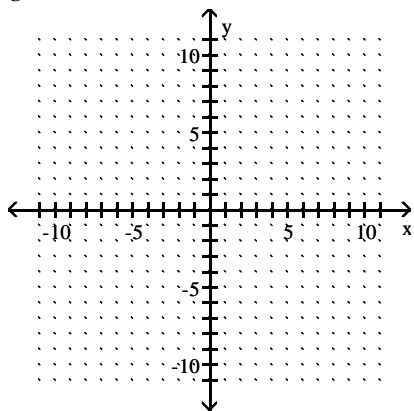
83)  $f(x) = x^2$  ;  $g(x) = -(x - 3)^2 + 12$

83) \_\_\_\_\_

**Graph the function by starting with a function from the library of functions and then using the techniques of shifting, compressing, stretching, and/or reflecting.**

84)  $g(x) = x^2 - 2$

84) \_\_\_\_\_



**Write an equation for a function whose graph fits the given description.**

85) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is vertically stretched by a factor of 3, and the resulting graph is reflected across the  $x$ -axis.

85) \_\_\_\_\_

86) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is vertically stretched by a factor of 5, and the resulting graph is reflected across the  $x$ -axis.

86) \_\_\_\_\_

87) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 6 units to the left and 3 units downward.

87) \_\_\_\_\_

88) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 4 units to the left and 5 units downward.

88) \_\_\_\_\_

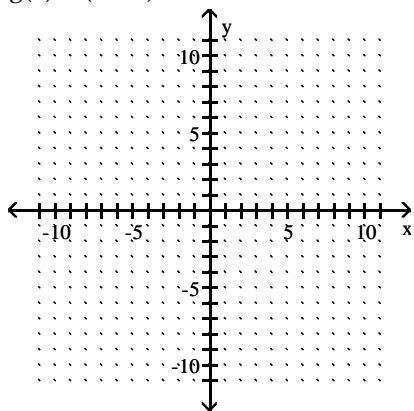
- 89) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 2 units to the left. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 6 and reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 8 units downward. 89) \_\_\_\_\_
- 90) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 4 units to the left. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 5 and reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 7 units downward. 90) \_\_\_\_\_
- 91) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 4 units to the left. This graph is then vertically shrunk by a factor of  $\frac{1}{5}$  and reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 8 units downward. 91) \_\_\_\_\_
- 92) The graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  is shifted 4 units to the left. This graph is then vertically shrunk by a factor of  $\frac{1}{6}$  and reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 7 units downward. 92) \_\_\_\_\_
- 93) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is vertically stretched by a factor of 6, and the resulting graph is reflected across the  $x$ -axis. 93) \_\_\_\_\_
- 94) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is vertically stretched by a factor of 3, and the resulting graph is reflected across the  $x$ -axis. 94) \_\_\_\_\_
- 95) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 2.2. Finally, the graph is shifted 4 units downward. 95) \_\_\_\_\_
- 96) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis. This graph is then vertically stretched by a factor of 2.5. Finally, the graph is shifted 2 units downward. 96) \_\_\_\_\_

- 97) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis and vertically shrunk by a factor of  $\frac{1}{5}$ . 97) \_\_\_\_\_  
This graph is then reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 4 units upward.
- 98) The graph of  $f(x) = |x|$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis and vertically shrunk by a factor of  $\frac{2}{3}$ . 98) \_\_\_\_\_  
This graph is then reflected across the  $x$ -axis. Finally, the graph is shifted 4 units upward.
- 99) The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is shifted 3 units to the right. 99) \_\_\_\_\_
- 100) The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is shifted 6 units to the right. 100) \_\_\_\_\_
- 101) The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is shifted 4 units to the left and then shifted 9 units upward. 101) \_\_\_\_\_
- 102) The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  is shifted 8 units to the left and then shifted 7 units upward. 102) \_\_\_\_\_
- 103) The graph of  $f(x) = x^4$  shifted right 3 units and up 5 units. 103) \_\_\_\_\_
- 104) The graph of  $f(x) = x^4$  shifted right 5 units and up 3 units. 104) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the function by starting with a function from the library of functions and then using the techniques of shifting, compressing, stretching, and/or reflecting.

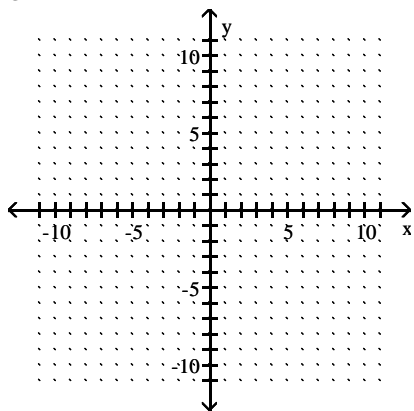
105)  $g(x) = (x - 3)^2 - 6$

105) \_\_\_\_\_



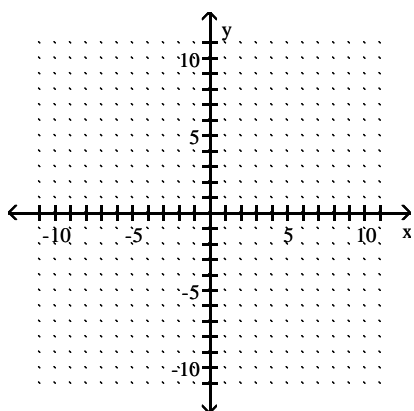
106)  $g(x) = -4(x + 3)^2 + 5$

106) \_\_\_\_\_



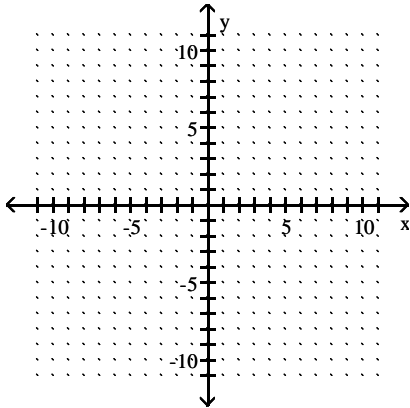
107)  $g(x) = -4|x|$

107) \_\_\_\_\_



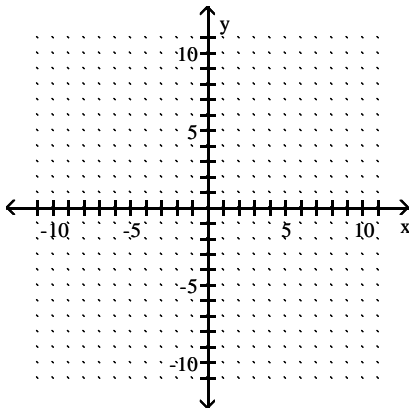
108)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{4}|x + 6| - 5$

108) \_\_\_\_\_



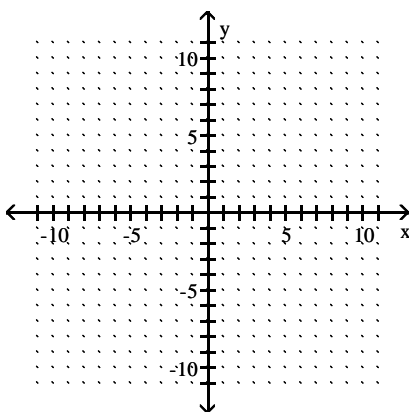
109)  $g(x) = |x - 2|$

109) \_\_\_\_\_



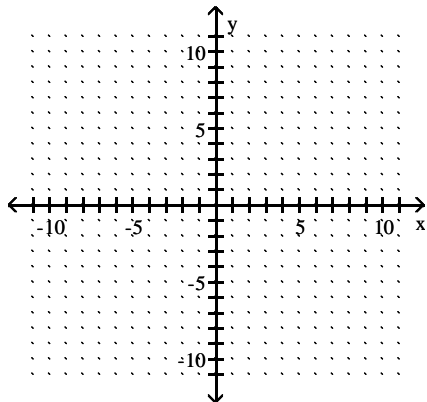
110)  $g(x) = (x + 2)^3$

110) \_\_\_\_\_



111)  $g(x) = -\sqrt{x+1} - 2$

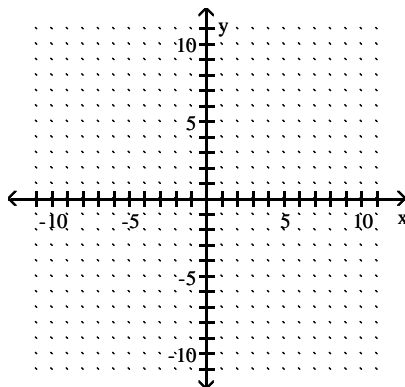
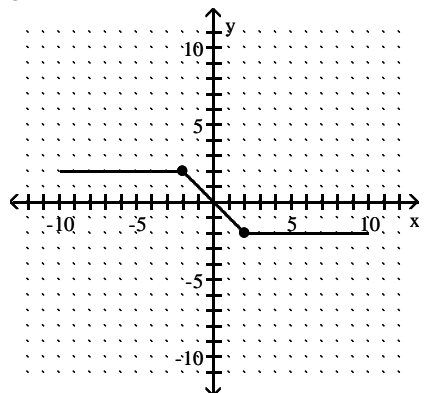
111) \_\_\_\_\_



Graph the function  $y = g(x)$ , given the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

112)  $g(x) = 2f(x)$

112) \_\_\_\_\_



Write the new function.

113) The linear function  $f(x) = 223x + 6320$  provides an approximation of the annual cost (in dollars) to rent an apartment at the Leisure Village Retirement Community, where  $x = 1$  represents 1975,  $x = 2$  represents 1976, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered.

113) \_\_\_\_\_

114) The linear function  $f(x) = 225x + 6320$  provides an approximation of the annual cost (in dollars) to rent an apartment at the Leisure Village Retirement Community, where  $x = 1$  represents 1980,  $x = 2$  represents 1981, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered.

114) \_\_\_\_\_



115) The linear function  $f(x) = 223x + 6320$  provides an approximation of the annual cost (in dollars) to rent an apartment at the Leisure Village Retirement Community, where  $x = 1$  represents 1990,  $x = 2$  represents 1991, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered. 115) \_\_\_\_\_

116) The linear function  $f(x) = 72.38x + 1034$  provides an approximation of the value (in dollars) of an account opened on January 1, 1993, in the amount of \$1034 and earning 7% simple interest, where  $x = 0$  represents January 1, 1993,  $x = 1$  represents January 1, 1994,  $x = 2$  represents January 1, 1995, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered. 116) \_\_\_\_\_

117) The linear function  $f(x) = 84x + 1200$  provides an approximation of the value (in dollars) of an account opened on January 1, 1997, in the amount of \$1200 and earning 7% simple interest, where  $x = 0$  represents January 1, 1997,  $x = 1$  represents January 1, 1998,  $x = 2$  represents January 1, 1999, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered. 117) \_\_\_\_\_

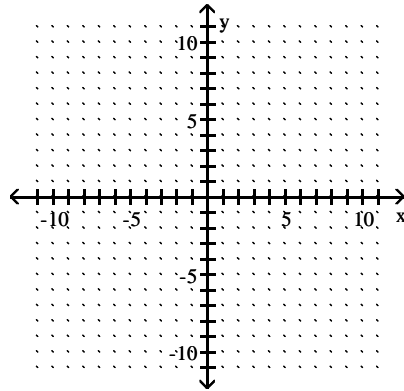
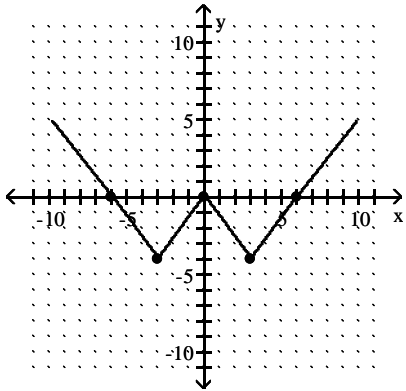
118) The linear function  $f(x) = 460x + 3420$  provides an approximation of the annual cost (in dollars) of health insurance for a family of three, where  $x = 1$  represents 1989,  $x = 2$  represents 1990, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered. 118) \_\_\_\_\_

119) The linear function  $f(x) = 458x + 3420$  provides an approximation of the annual cost (in dollars) of health insurance for a family of three, where  $x = 1$  represents 1982,  $x = 2$  represents 1983, and so on. Write a new function,  $g(x)$ , that yields the same  $f(x)$ -values when the exact year number is entered. 119) \_\_\_\_\_

Graph the function  $y = g(x)$ , given the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

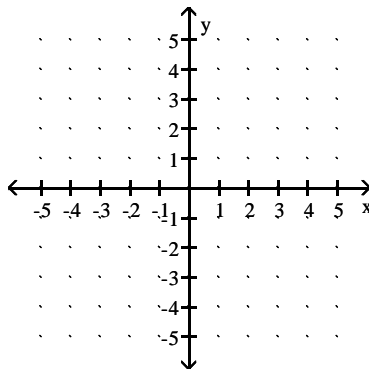
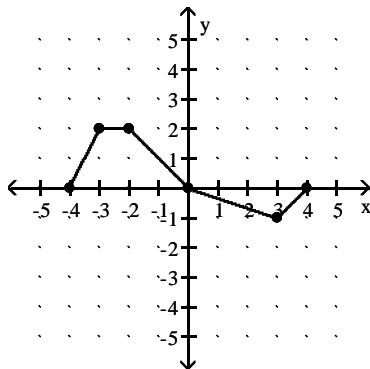
120)  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}f(x)$

120) \_\_\_\_\_



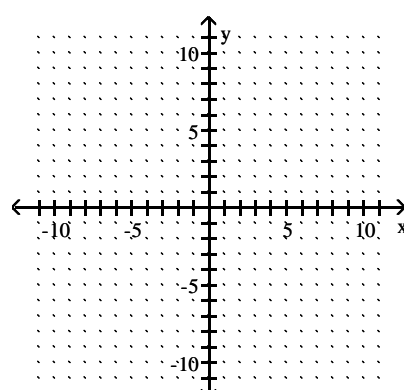
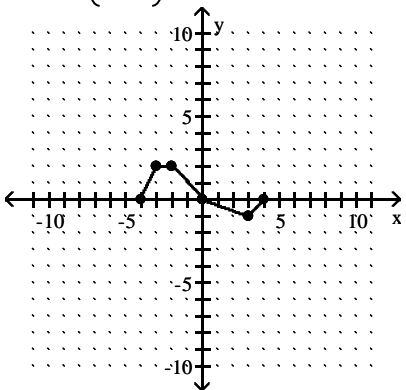
121)  $g(x) = f(2x)$

121) \_\_\_\_\_

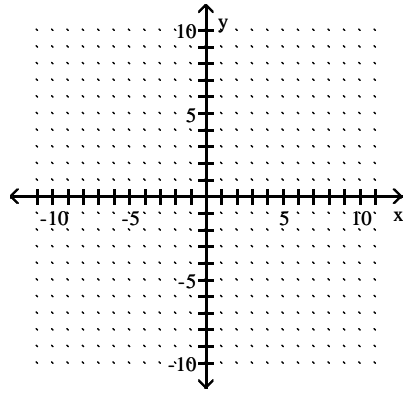
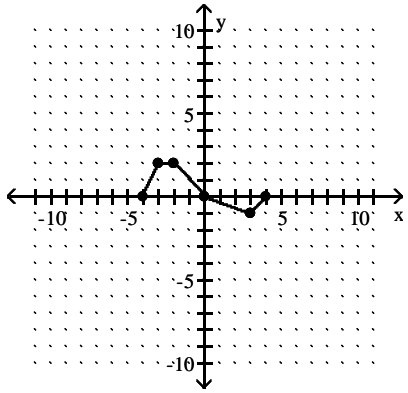


122)  $g(x) = f\left(-\frac{1}{2}x\right)$

122) \_\_\_\_\_

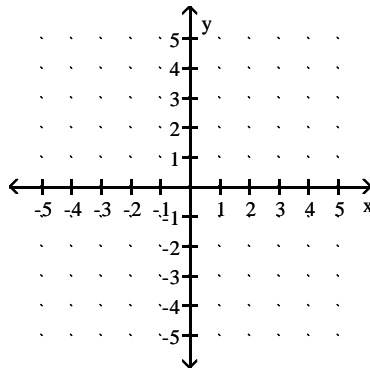
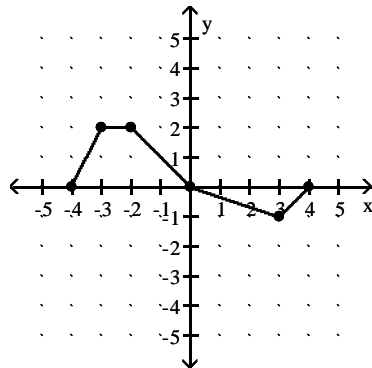


123)  $g(x) = -2f(x + 1) - 3$



123) \_\_\_\_\_

124)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x - 1) + 3$



124) \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key

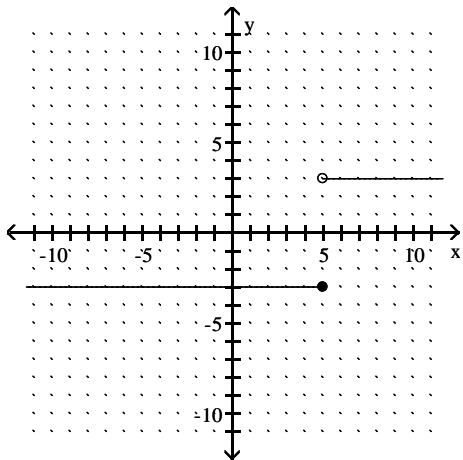
Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

- 1) Even
- 2) Even
- 3) Odd
- 4) Odd
- 5) Neither
- 6) Neither
- 7) Even
- 8) Even
- 9) Even
- 10) Odd
- 11) Odd
- 12) Odd
- 13) Odd
- 14) Even
- 15) Even
- 16) a. Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[-3:3]$ 
  - b. x-intercept: 0; y-intercept: 0
  - c. constant on  $(-\infty, -3)$ , decreasing on  $(-3,-2)$ , increasing on  $(-2,2)$ , constant on  $(2, \infty)$
  - d. Neither even nor odd.
- 17) a. Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[0:4]$ 
  - b. x-intercept: 0; y-intercept: 0
  - c. constant on  $(-\infty, -1)$ , decreasing on  $(-1, 0)$ , increasing on  $(0, 3)$ , constant on  $(3, \infty)$
  - d. Neither even nor odd.
- 18) a. Domain:  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[-2, \infty)$ 
  - b. x-intercepts: 0, 6; y-intercept: 0
  - c. decreasing on  $(-\infty, 3)$ , increasing on  $(3, \infty)$
  - d. Neither even nor odd.
- 19) a. Domain:  $[-2, \infty)$ ; Range:  $[-2, \infty)$ 
  - b. x-intercepts:  $-\frac{3}{2}, 2, 4$ ; y-intercept: 2
  - c. increasing on  $(-2, -1)$ , constant on  $(-1, 1)$ , decreasing on  $(1, 3)$ , increasing on  $(3, \infty)$
  - d. Neither even nor odd.
- 20) a. Domain:  $[0, 12]$ ; Range:  $[1:6]$ 
  - b. x-intercept: none; y-intercept: 1
  - c. increasing on  $(0, 5)$ , decreasing on  $(5, 12)$
  - d. Neither even nor odd.
- 21) -14
- 22) -11
- 23) -18
- 24) -48
- 25) -3
- 26) -16
- 27) -5
- 28) -8
- 29) -7

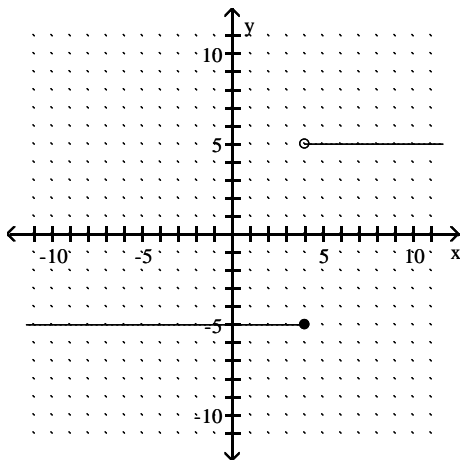
Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

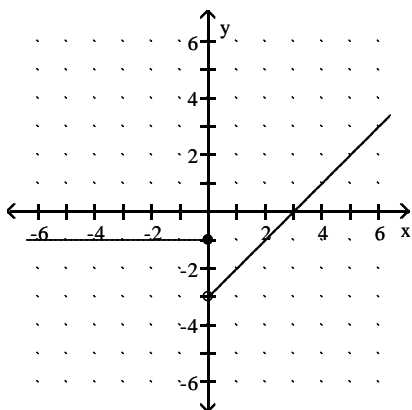
30)



31)



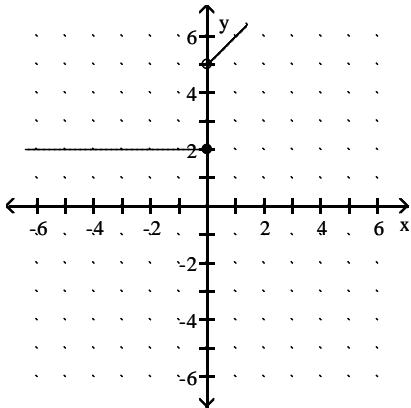
32)



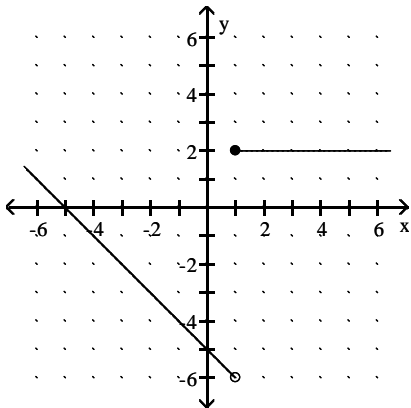
Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

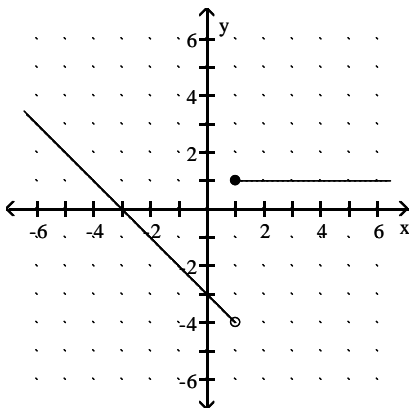
33)



34)



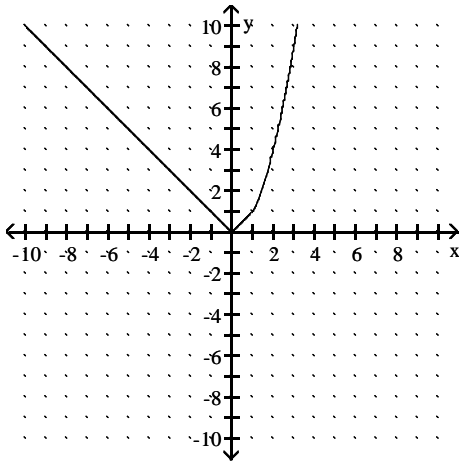
35)



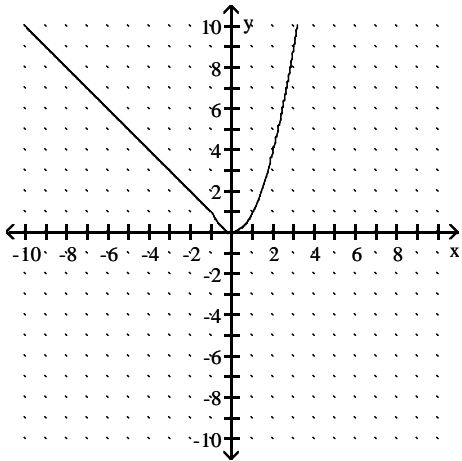
Answer Key

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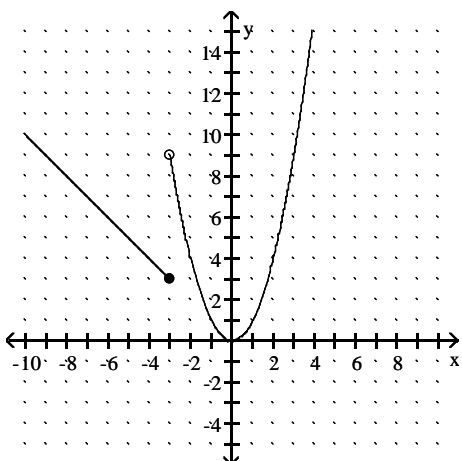
36)



37)



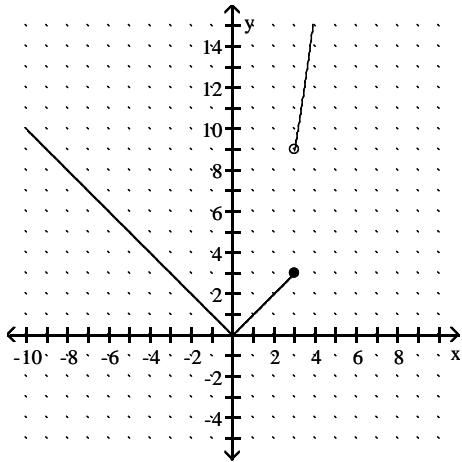
38)



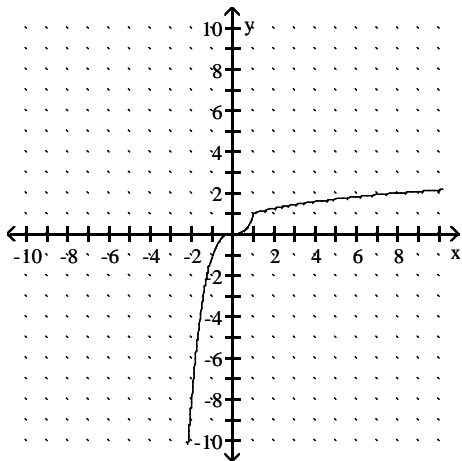
Answer Key

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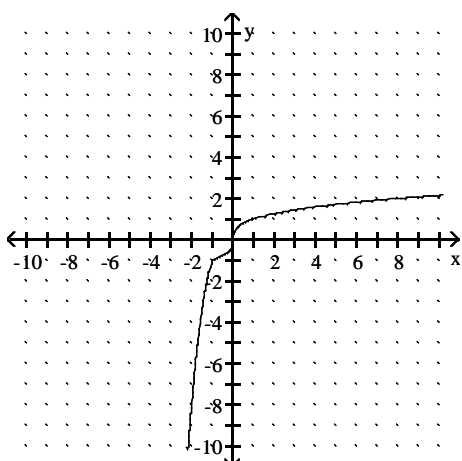
39)



40)



41)

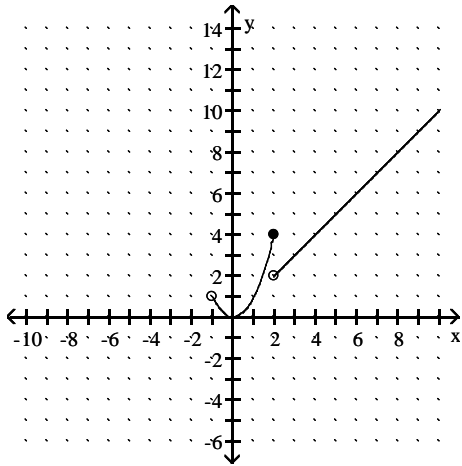




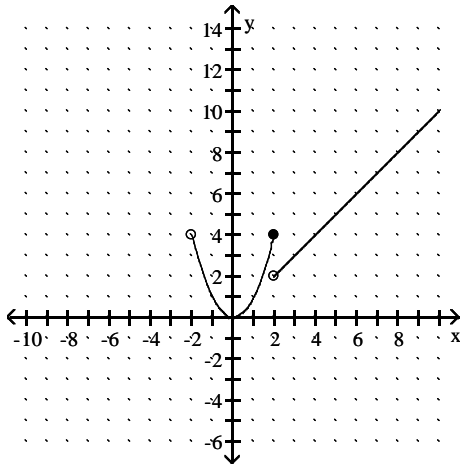
Answer Key

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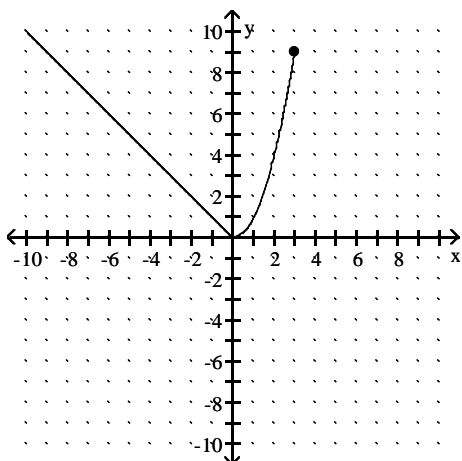
42)



43)



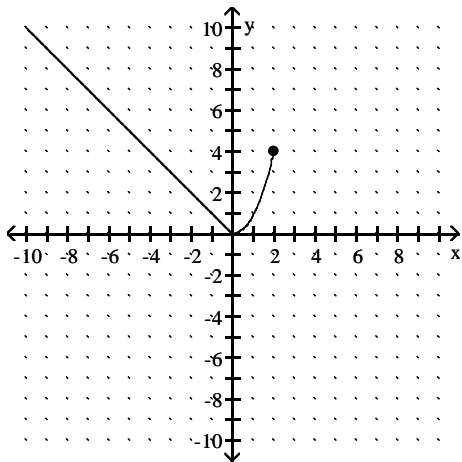
44)



Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

45)



46) -3

47) 2

48) 33

49) 4

50) -7

51) -9

52) 3

53) -7

54)  $\frac{3}{10}$

55)  $-\frac{1}{12}$

56) 3

57) 6

58)  $10x + 5h + 2$

59)  $14x + 7h + 4$

60)  $\frac{-1}{8x(x+h)}$

61)  $\frac{-1}{2x(x+h)}$

62)  $V(t) = 32t + 10$

63)  $V(1.8) = 67.6$  ft/sec

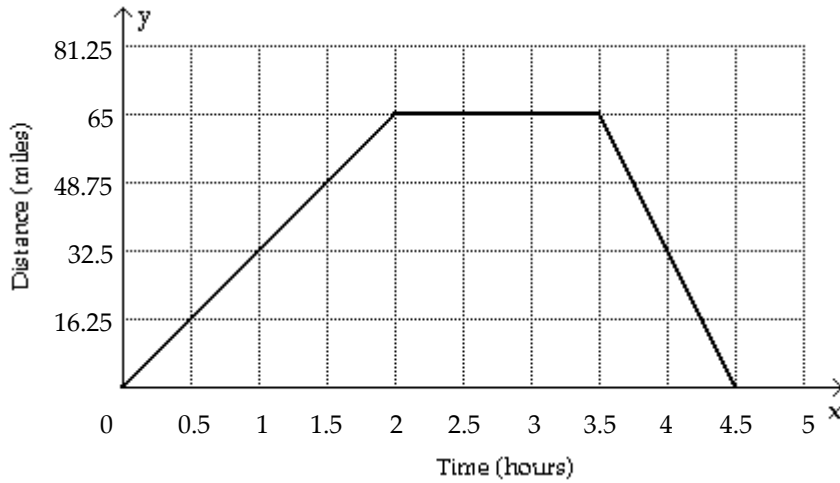
64)  $S(x) = 9300x + 15,000$

65)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 50 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 30 \\ 50 + 8(x - 30) & \text{if } 30 < x \leq 100 \end{cases}$ ; \$538

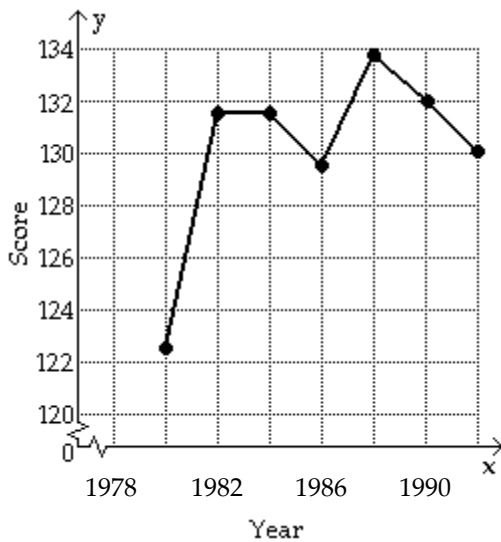
Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

66)



67)  $f(x) = 131.5$  if  $1982 \leq x \leq 1984$



68) 131.7

69) \$0.71, \$3.03, \$6.79

70) Stretch vertically by a factor of 9. Reflect it across the x-axis.

71) Stretch vertically by a factor of 5. Reflect it across the x-axis.

72) Shift 10 units to the left. Reflect it across the x-axis.

73) Shift 9 units to the left. Reflect it across the x-axis.

74) Shift 1 units to the right and 8 units downward.

75) Shift 7 units to the right and 3 units downward.

76) Stretch vertically by a factor of 2. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 1 units upward.

77) Stretch vertically by a factor of 5. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 7 units upward.

78) Stretch vertically by a factor of 6. Shift it 11 units up.

79) Stretch vertically by a factor of 9. Shift it 3 units up.

80) Shift it 5 units to the left and 6 units down.

81) Shift it 2 units to the left and 4 units down.

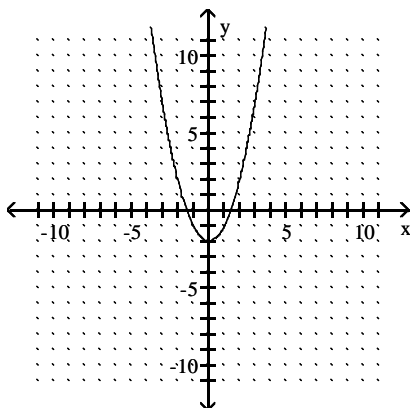
82) Shift it 11 units to the right. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 11 units up.

83) Shift it 3 units to the right. Reflect it across the x-axis. Shift it 12 units up.

# Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

84)



85)  $f(x) = -3x^2$

86)  $f(x) = -5x^2$

87)  $y = (x + 6)^2 - 3$

88)  $y = (x + 4)^2 - 5$

89)  $y = -6(x + 2)^2 - 8$

90)  $y = -5(x + 4)^2 - 7$

91)  $y = -\frac{1}{5}(x + 4)^2 - 8$

92)  $y = -\frac{1}{6}(x + 4)^2 - 7$

93)  $y = -6|x|$

94)  $y = -3|x|$

95)  $f(x) = 2.2|-x| - 4$

96)  $f(x) = 2.5|-x| - 2$

97)  $y = -\frac{1}{5}|-x| + 4$

98)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}|-x| + 4$

99)  $y = \sqrt{x - 3}$

100)  $y = \sqrt{x - 6}$

101)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 4} + 9$

102)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 8} + 7$

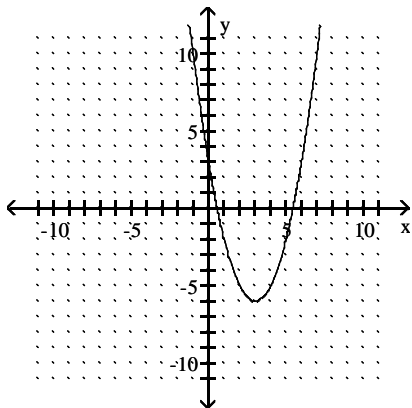
103)  $y = (x - 3)^4 + 5$

104)  $y = (x - 5)^4 + 3$

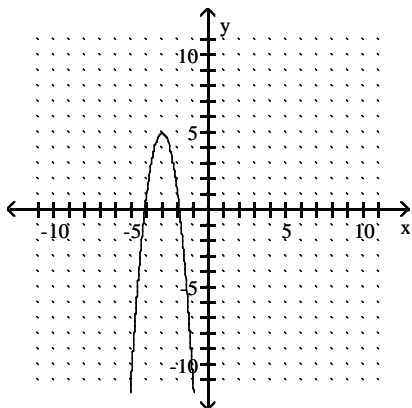
Answer Key

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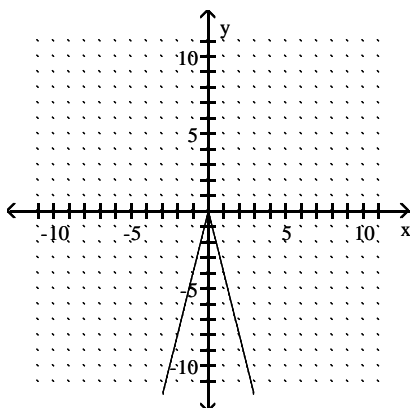
105)



106)



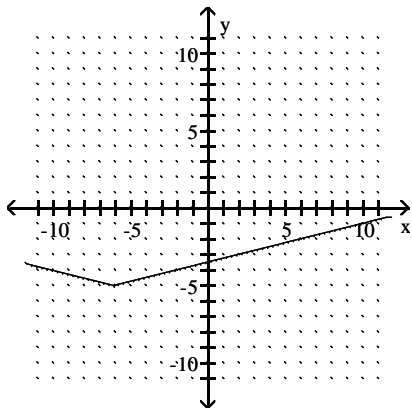
107)



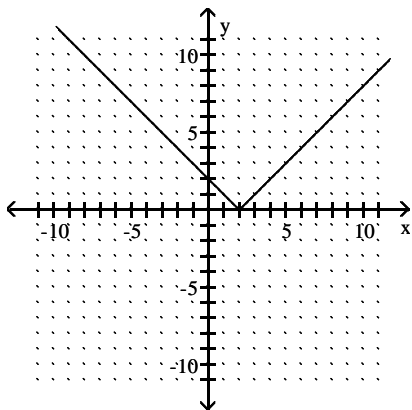
Answer Key

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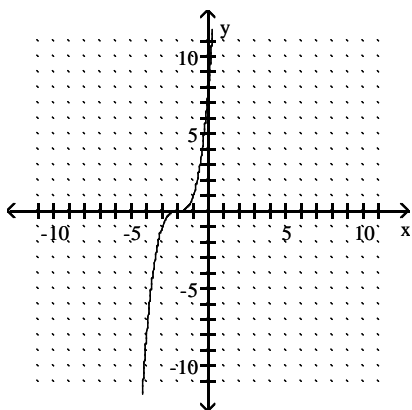
108)



109)



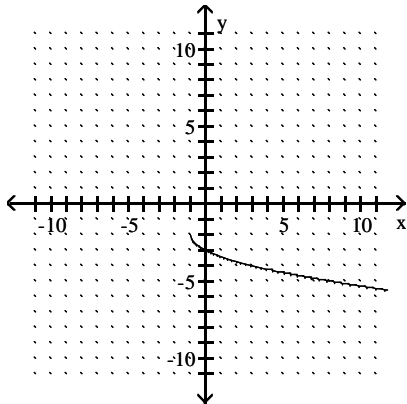
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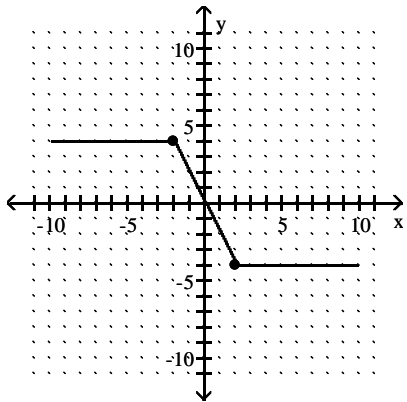
Answer Key

Testname: E3PREP\_PART1\_3.3TO3.4\_V02

111)



112)



113)  $g(x) = 223(x - 1974) + 6320$

114)  $g(x) = 225(x - 1979) + 6320$

115)  $g(x) = 223(x - 1989) + 6320$

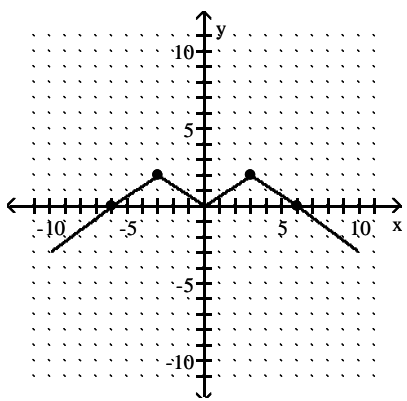
116)  $g(x) = 72.38(x - 1993) + 1034$

117)  $g(x) = 84(x - 1997) + 1200$

118)  $g(x) = 460(x - 1988) + 3420$

119)  $g(x) = 458(x - 1981) + 3420$

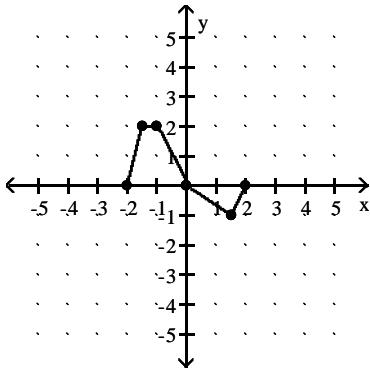
120)



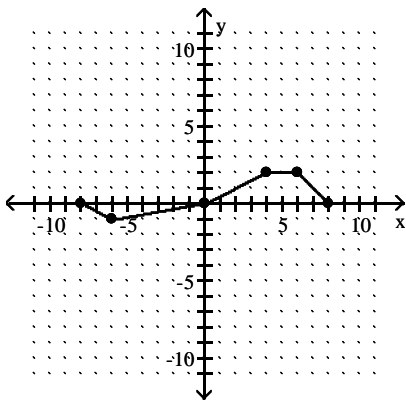
Answer Key

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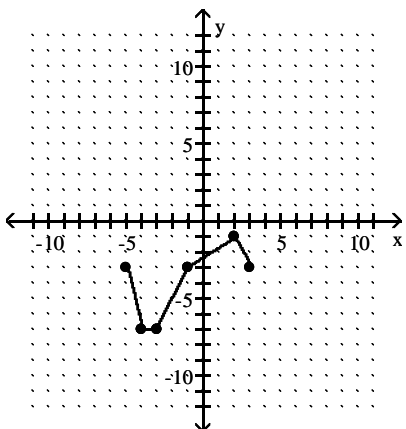
121)



122)



123)



124)

