

7.2 p42

1 $x^2 + 7x + 6 = (x+1)(x+6)$ 3 $x^2 + 7x + 10 = (x+2)(x+5)$ 5 $x^2 + 11x + 10 = (x+1)(x+10)$

7 $x^2 - 7x + 12 = (x-4)(x-3)$ 9 $x^2 - 12x + 36 = (x-6)(x-6)$ 11 $y^2 - 8y + 15 = (y-5)(y-3)$

13 $x^2 + 3x - 10 = (x-2)(x+5)$ 15 $y^2 + 10y - 39 = (y-3)(y+13)$ 17 $x^2 - 2x - 15 = (x-5)(x+3)$

19 $x^2 - 2x - 8 = (x-4)(x+2)$ 21 $x^2 + 4x + 12$ 23 $y^2 - 16y + 48 = (y-12)(y-4)$
1+12
2+6
3+4 prime

25 $x^2 - 3x + 6$ 27 $w^2 - 30w - 64 = (w-32)(w+2)$ 29 $y^2 - 18y + 65 = (y-13)(y-5)$
1+6 -1+6
2+3 -2+3 prime 65
1+65
5+13

31 $r^2 + 12r + 27 = (r+3)(r+9)$ 33 $y^2 - 7y + 5$ 35 $x^2 + 7xy + 6y^2 = (x+y)(x+6y)$
1+5 -1+5 prime

37 $x^2 - 8xy + 15y^2 = (x-5y)(x-3y)$ 39 $x^2 - 3xy - 18y^2 = (x-6y)(x+3y)$ 41 $a^2 - 18ab + 45b^2 = (a-15b)(a-3b)$

43 $3x^2 + 15x + 18 = 3(x^2 + 5x + 6) = 3(x+1)(x+5)$ 45 $4y^2 - 4y - 8 = 4(y^2 - y - 2) = 4(y-2)(y+1)$ 47 $10x^2 - 40x - 600 = 10(x^2 - 4x - 60) = 10(x-10)(x+6)$

PI

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{49} \quad & 3x^2 - 33x + 54 \\ &= 3(x^2 - 11x + 18) \\ &= \boxed{3(x-9)(x-2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{51} \quad & 2r^3 + 6r^2 + 4r \\ &= 2r(r^2 + 3r + 2) \\ &= \boxed{2r(r+1)(r+2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{53} \quad & 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 72x \\ &= 4x(x^2 + 3x - 18x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{4x(x-3)(x+6)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{55} \quad & 2r^3 + 8r^2 - 64r \\ &= 2r(r^2 + 4r - 32) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{2r(r-4)(r+8)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{57} \quad & y^4 + 2y^3 - 80y^2 \\ &= y^2(y^2 + 2y - 80) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y^2(y-8)(y+10)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{59} \quad & x^4 - 3x^3 - 10x^2 \\ &= x^2(x^2 - 3x - 10) \end{aligned}$$

$$= x^2(x-5)(x+2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{61} \quad & 2w^4 - 26w^3 - 96w^2 \\ &= 2w^2(w^2 - 13w - 48) \\ &= \boxed{2w^2(w-16)(w+3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{63} \quad & 15xy^2 + 45xy - 60x \\ &= 15x(y^2 + 3y - 4) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \boxed{15x(y-1)(y+4)}$$

$$\textcircled{67} \quad 2x^2y^2 - 32x^2yz + 30x^2z^2$$

$$= 2x^2(y^2 - 16yz + 15z^2)$$

$$= 2x^2(y-15z)(y-z)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{69} & (a+b)x^2 + (a+b)x - 20(a+b) \\ &= (a+b)(x^2 + x - 20) \\ &= \boxed{(a+b)(x-4)(x+5)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{71} & x^2 + 0.5x + 0.06 \\ &= (x+0.2)(x+0.3) \end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} \textcircled{73} & x^2 - \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{1}{25} \\ &= \left(x - \frac{1}{5}\right)\left(x - \frac{1}{5}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{75} & -x^2 - 3x + 40 \\ &= -(x^2 + 3x - 40) \\ &= -(x-5)(x+8) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{77} & -16t^2 + 16t + 32 \\ &= -16(t^2 - t - 2) \\ &= \boxed{-16(t-2)(t+1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{79} \quad x^2 + 8x + 15$$

Find factors of 15 that sum to 8 then write in the form:

$$(x + \quad)(x + \quad)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{8} & -16(2)^2 + 16(2) + 32 \\ &= \boxed{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$-16(2-2)(2+1)$$

$$= \boxed{0}$$

The last terms in each factor sum to b and multiply to c.